[PLACE YOUR COMPANY NAME HERE] HEALTH REIMBURSEMENT PLAN BASIC PLAN DOCUMENT #HRA

[PLACE YOUR COMPANY NAME HERE] HEALTH REIMBURSEMENT PLAN BASIC PLAN DOCUMENT TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section 1.01	TRODUCTION Plan Application of Plan	
ARTICLE 2 DE		1
	ARTICIPATION	
	Participation	
	Transfers	
	Termination and Rehires	
	Procedures for Admission	
ARTICLE 4 AC	CCOUNTS	
	Health Reimbursement Accounts.	5
Section 4.02	Forfeitures/Transfers	5
Section 4.03	Continuation Rights	5
ARTICLE 5 NO	ONDISCRIMINATION	
	Nondiscrimination	6
ADTICLE 6 DE	EIMBURSEMENTS	
	Reimbursements	_
	Claims Procedure	
	Minor or Legally Incompetent Payee	
	Missing Payee	
		1
	AN ADMINISTRATION	1.0
	Plan Administrator	
	Indemnification	
	HIPAA Privacy Rules	
	Medical Child Support Orders	
	Third Party Recovery/Reimbursement	
		1.
	MENDMENT AND TERMINATION	
	Amendment	
Section 8.02	Termination	17
	SCELLANEOUS	
	Nonalienation of Benefits	
	No Right to Employment	
	No Funding Required	
	Governing Law	
	Tax Effect	
	Severability of Provisions	
	Headings and Captions	
Section 9.08	Gender and Number	19

ARTICLE 1 INTRODUCTION

Section 1.01 PLAN

This document ("Basic Plan Document") and its related Adoption Agreement are intended to qualify as a health reimbursement arrangement that provides benefits that are excludable from gross income under Code section 105(b) and shall be administered in accordance with IRS Notice 2002-45 and IRS Revenue Ruling 2002-41.

Section 1.02 APPLICATION OF PLAN

Except as otherwise specifically provided herein, the provisions of this Plan shall apply to those individuals who are Eligible Employees of the Company on or after the Effective Date. Except as otherwise specifically provided for herein, the rights and benefits, if any, of former Eligible Employees of the Company whose employment terminated prior to the Effective Date, shall be determined under the provisions of the Plan, as in effect from time to time prior to that date.

ARTICLE 2 DEFINITIONS

"Adoption Agreement" means the document executed in conjunction with this Basic Plan Document that contains the optional features selected by the Plan Sponsor.

"Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended from time to time.

"Company" means the Plan Sponsor and any other entity that has adopted the Plan with the approval of the Plan Sponsor.

"Covered Person" shall have the meaning set forth in the Adoption Agreement.

"Effective Date" shall have the meaning set forth in the Adoption Agreement.

"Eligible Employee" means any Employee employed by the Company, subject to the modifications and exclusions described in the Adoption Agreement. If an individual is subsequently reclassified as, or determined to be, an Employee by a court, the Internal Revenue Service or any other governmental agency or authority, or if the Company is required to reclassify such individual an Employee as a result of such reclassification determination (including any reclassification by the Company in settlement of any claim or action relating to such individual's employment status), such individual shall not become an Eligible Employee by reason of such reclassification or determination.

An individual who becomes employed by the Employer in a transaction between the Employer and another entity that is a stock or asset acquisition, merger, or other similar transaction involving a change in the employer of the employees of the trade or business shall not become eligible to participate in the Plan until the Plan Sponsor specifically authorizes such participation.

"Eligible Expenses" shall have the meaning set forth in the Adoption Agreement.

"Employee" means any individual who is employed by the Employer. The term "Employee" shall not include: (i) a self-employed individual (including a partner) as defined in Code section 401(c), or (ii) any person who owns (or is considered as owning within the meaning of Code section 318) more than 2 percent of the outstanding stock of an S corporation.

"Employer" means the Company or any other employer required to be aggregated with the Company under Code sections 414(b), (c), (m) or (o); <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that "Employer" shall not include any entity or unincorporated trade or business prior to the date on which such entity, trade or business satisfies the affiliation or control tests described above.

"ERISA" means the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended from time to time.

"FMLA" means the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, as amended from time to time.

"Health Reimbursement Account" means the balance of a hypothetical account established pursuant to Section 4.01 for each Participant as of the applicable date and such other account(s) or subaccount(s) as the Plan Administrator, in its discretion, deems appropriate.

"Participant" means an Eligible Employee who participates in the Plan in accordance with Articles 3 and 4.

"<u>Plan Administrator</u>" means the person(s) designated pursuant to the Adoption Agreement and Section 7.01.

"Plan Sponsor" means the entity described in the Adoption Agreement.

"Plan Year" means the 12-consecutive month period described in the Adoption Agreement.

"<u>Termination</u>" and "<u>Termination of Employment</u>" means any absence from service that ends the employment of the Employee with the Company.

ARTICLE 3 PARTICIPATION

Section 3.01 PARTICIPATION

Each Eligible Employee as of the Effective Date who was eligible to participate in the Plan immediately prior to the Effective Date shall be a Participant eligible to participate in the Plan pursuant to Article 4 on the Effective Date. Each other Eligible Employee who was not a Participant in the Plan prior to the Effective Date shall become a Participant eligible to participate pursuant to Article 4 on the date specified in the Adoption Agreement; provided that he is an Eligible Employee on such date.

Section 3.02 TRANSFERS

If a change in job classification or a transfer results in an individual no longer qualifying as an Eligible Employee, such Employee shall cease to be a Participant for purposes of Article 4 (or shall not become eligible to become a Participant) as of the effective date of such change of job classification or transfer. Should such Employee again qualify as an Eligible Employee or if an Employee who was not previously an Eligible Employee becomes an Eligible Employee, he shall become a Participant on the first entry date following the later of the effective date of such subsequent change of status or the date the Employee meets the eligibility requirements of this Article 3.

Section 3.03 TERMINATION AND REHIRES

If an Employee has a Termination of Employment, such Employee shall not become eligible to become a Participant as of his Termination of Employment. In addition, unless otherwise specified in the Adoption Agreement, if an Employee has a Termination of Employment, such Employee shall cease to be a Participant for purposes of Article 4 as of his Termination of Employment. If the Adoption Agreement permits Eligible Employees to participate in the Plan after Termination, former employees will continue to be eligible to participate in the Plan until such time and with the benefits specified in the Adoption Agreement.

An individual who has satisfied the applicable eligibility requirements set forth in Article 3 as of his Termination date, and who is subsequently reemployed by the Company as an Eligible Employee, shall resume or become a Participant on the first entry date following his rehire date. An individual who has not so qualified for participation on his Termination date, and who is subsequently reemployed by the Company as an Eligible Employee, shall be eligible to participate on the first entry date following the later of the effective date of such reemployment or the date the individual meets the eligibility requirements of this Article 3.

Section 3.04 PROCEDURES FOR ADMISSION

The Plan Administrator shall prescribe such forms and may require such data from Participants as are reasonably required to enroll a Participant in the Plan or to effectuate any Participant elections. The Plan Administrator may impose other limitations and/or conditions with respect to participation in the Plan on Eligible Employees who commence or recommence participation in the Plan pursuant to Sections 3.02 and 3.03.

ARTICLE 4 ACCOUNTS

Section 4.01 HEALTH REIMBURSEMENT ACCOUNTS

- (a) Credits. Each Participant's Health Reimbursement Account shall be credited each Plan Year with the maximum annual amount specified in the Adoption Agreement for each coverage level, unless the Adoption Agreement provides that a portion of such annual amount shall be credited periodically throughout the Plan Year.
- (b) Debits. Each Participant's Health Reimbursement Account shall be debited for Eligible Expenses described in Subsection (c).
- (c) Eligible Expenses. A Participant may be reimbursed from his or her Health Reimbursement Account for Eligible Expenses incurred by Covered Persons provided such expenses are (i) incurred in the Plan Year, (ii) incurred while the Participant participates in the Plan, (iii) not attributable to a deduction allowed under Code section 213 for any prior taxable year, and (iv) not covered, paid or reimbursed from any other source. For purposes of Code section 105(b), dependents shall also include students who have not attained the age of 24 for whom coverage is required under Code section 9813; provided, that treatment as a dependent due to a medically necessary leave of absence under Code section 9813 shall not extend beyond a period of one year.

Section 4.02 FORFEITURES/TRANSFERS

- (a) Forfeitures. Except as provided in Subsection (b) and (c), any balance remaining in a Participant's Health Reimbursement Account after the end of any Plan Year shall be forfeited and shall remain the property of the Company. Except as expressly provided herein, any balance remaining in a Participant's Account on his date of Termination shall be forfeited and shall remain the property of the Company. However, no forfeiture (or carryover permitted in Subsection (b)) shall occur until all payments and reimbursements hereunder have been made on claims submitted within the time period specified in Section 6.01(b).
- (b) Carryovers. To the extent permitted in the Adoption Agreement and subject to any conditions and/or limitations in the Adoption Agreement, the unused balance in a Participant's Health Reimbursement Account remaining at the end of a Plan Year may be carried over to the immediately following Plan Year.
- (c) Change in status. If provided in the Adoption Agreement, a reduction in the number of Covered Persons may result in a forfeiture of prorated amounts from the Participant's Health Reimbursement Account. In addition, future contributions to the Participant's Health Reimbursement Account may be discontinued until the correct prorated amount is attained.

Section 4.03 CONTINUATION RIGHTS

- (a) Leave of Absence/FMLA/USERRA. If the Plan is subject to FMLA or the Plan Administrator determines that the Plan is subject to FMLA, the Plan Administrator shall permit a Participant taking unpaid leave under the FMLA to continue medical benefits as required by such applicable law. Any Participant on FMLA leave who revoked coverage shall be reinstated to the extent required by applicable law. The Plan Administrator shall permit Participants to continue to receive benefits as required under the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act and shall provide such reinstatement rights as required by such law. The Plan Administrator shall also permit Participants to continue benefit elections as required under any other applicable state law to the extent that such law is not pre-empted by federal law.
- (b) COBRA. If the Plan is subject to COBRA (Code section 4980B and other applicable state law) or the Plan Administrator determines that the Plan is subject to COBRA, a Participant shall be entitled to continuation coverage with respect to his or her Health Reimbursement Account as prescribed in Code Section 4980B (and the regulations thereunder) or such applicable state statutes.

ARTICLE 5 NONDISCRIMINATION

Section 5.01 NONDISCRIMINATION

- (a) The Plan may not discriminate in favor of highly compensated employees (within the meaning of Code section 105(h)(5)) as to benefits provided or eligibility to participate with respect to the Health Reimbursement Account.
- (b) Adjustment of Eligibility/Benefits. If the Plan Administrator determines that the Plan may fail to satisfy any nondiscrimination requirement or any limitation imposed by the Code, the Plan Administrator may modify any eligibility requirement or benefit amount under the Plan in order to assure compliance with such requirements or limitations. Any act taken by the Plan Administrator under this Subsection shall be carried out in a uniform and non-discriminatory manner.

ARTICLE 6 REIMBURSEMENTS

Section 6.01 PROCEDURES FOR REIMBURSEMENT

- (a) Benefits Provided by Insurance. All claims for benefits that are provided under insurance contracts shall be made by the Participant to the insurance company issuing such contract.
- (b) Timing of Claims. Reimbursements and/or payments shall only be made for expenses incurred in the applicable Plan Year while the Participant participates in the Plan. Except as otherwise expressly provided herein, no reimbursement and/or payment shall be made for any expenses relating to services rendered before participation or after Termination of Employment for any reason. All claims for reimbursement and/or payment must be made within the time periods specified in the Adoption Agreement.
- (c) Documentation. A Participant or any other person entitled to benefits from the Plan (a "Claimant") may apply for such benefits by completing and filing a claim with the Plan Administrator. Any such claim shall include all information and evidence that the Plan Administrator deems necessary to properly evaluate the merit of and to make any necessary determinations on a claim for benefits. The Plan Administrator may request any additional information necessary to evaluate the claim.
- (d) Payment. To the extent that the Plan Administrator approves the claim, the Company shall: (i) reimburse the Claimant, or (ii) at the option of the Plan Administrator, pay the service provider directly for any amounts payable from the Health Reimbursement Account. The Plan Administrator shall establish a schedule, not less frequently than annually, for the payment of claims. The Plan Administrator may provide that payments/reimbursements of less than certain amount may be carried forward and aggregated with future claims until the reimbursable amount is greater than such minimum, provided, however, that the entire amount of payments/reimbursements outstanding at the end of the Plan Year shall be reimbursed without regard to the minimum payment amount.
- (e) Coordination with Cafeteria Plan. A Participant shall not be entitled to payment/reimbursement under a health care reimbursement account in a cafeteria plan sponsored by the Company to the extent the expense is reimbursable under this Plan. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Adoption Agreement may provide that a Participant shall be entitled to payment/reimbursement under a health care reimbursement account in the cafeteria plan if before the cafeteria plan year begins, the Adoption Agreement specifies that coverage under this Plan is available only after the Participant has received his or her maximum reimbursement under a health care reimbursement account in the cafeteria plan.
- (f) Death. If a Participant dies, his beneficiaries may submit claims for Eligible Expenses for the portion of the Plan Year preceding the date of the Participant's death. A Participant may designate a specific beneficiary provided that such beneficiary is the Participant's spouse or one or more of the Participant's dependents. If no beneficiary is specified, the Plan Administrator may pay any amount due hereunder to the Participant's spouse or, if there is no spouse, to the Participant's dependents in equal shares. Such payment shall fully discharge the Plan Administrator and the Company from further liability on account thereof.
- (g) Form of Claim/Notice. All claims and notices shall be made in written form unless the Plan Administrator provides procedures for such claims and notices to be made in electronic and/or telephonic format to the extent that such alternative format is permitted under applicable law.
- (h) Refunds/Indemnification. If the Plan Administrator determines that any Claimant has directly or indirectly received excess payments/reimbursements or has received payments/reimbursements that are taxable to the Claimant, the Plan Administrator shall notify the Claimant and the Claimant shall repay such excess amount (or at the option of the Plan Administrator, the Claimant shall repay the amount that should have been withheld or paid as payroll or withholding taxes) as soon as possible, but in no event later than 30 days after the date of notification. A Claimant shall indemnify and reimburse the Company for any liability the Company may incur for making such payments, including but not limited to failure to withhold or pay payroll or withholding taxes from such payments or

reimbursements. If the Claimant fails to timely repay an excess amount and/or make sufficient indemnification, the Plan Administrator may: (i) to the extent permitted by applicable law, offset the Claimant's salary or wages, and/or (ii) offset other benefits payable hereunder.

- (i) Debit, Credit or Other Stored Value Cards. To the extent provided in the Adoption Agreement, the Company may enter into an agreement with a financial institution to provide a Participant with a debit, credit or other stored value card to provide immediate payment of reimbursements available under Section 4.01 provided that the use of such card complies with IRS Notice 2008-104, IRS Notice 2007-2, IRS Notice 2006-69, IRS Revenue Ruling 2003-43 (to the extent not superseded by IRS Notice 2006-69), IRS Notice 2010-59 and any superseding guidance. A Participant may obtain benefits under Section 4.01 without the use of the card.
- (j) HSA Coordination. Except as otherwise provided in the Adoption Agreement, benefits under this Plan shall not be coordinated with coverage in a high deductible health plan to facilitate participation in Health Savings Accounts.
- (k) Plan Administrator Procedures. The Plan Administrator may establish procedures regarding the documentation to be submitted in a claim for reimbursement and/or payment and may also establish any other procedures regarding claims for reimbursement and/or payment provided that the procedures do not violate ERISA section 503 if the Adoption Agreement indicates the plan is subject to ERISA. Such procedures may include, without limitation, requirements to submit claims periodically throughout the Plan Year.

Section 6.02 CLAIMS PROCEDURE

- (a) A request for benefits is a "claim" subject to this Section only if it is filed by the Participant or the Participant's authorized representative in accordance with the Plan's claim filing guidelines. In general, claims must be filed in writing. Any claim that does not relate to a specific benefit under the Plan (for example, a general eligibility claim or a dispute involving a mid-year election change) must be filed with the Plan Administrator. A request for prior approval of a benefit or service where prior approval is not required under the Plan is not a "claim" under these rules. Similarly, a casual inquiry about benefits or the circumstances under which benefits might be paid under the Plan is not a "claim" under these rules, unless it is determined that your inquiry is an attempt to file a claim. If a claim is received, but there is not enough information to process the claim, the Participant will be given an opportunity to provide the missing information. Participants may designate an authorized representative if written notice of such designation is provided.
- (b) This Section 6.02(b) shall apply for any claim for benefits under the Health Care Reimbursement Account.
- (1) Timing of Notice of Denied Claim. The Plan Administrator shall notify the Claimant of any adverse benefit determination within a reasonable period of time, but not later than 30 days after receipt of the claim. This period may be extended one time by the Plan for up to 15 days, provided that the Plan Administrator both determines that such an extension is necessary due to matters beyond the control of the Plan and notifies the Claimant, prior to the expiration of the initial 30-day period, of the circumstances requiring the extension of time and the date by which the Plan expects to render a decision. If such an extension is necessary due to a failure of the Claimant to submit the information necessary to decide the claim, the notice of extension shall specifically describe the required information, and the Claimant shall be afforded at least 45 days from receipt of the notice within which to provide the specified information.
- (2) Content of Notice of Denied Claim. If a claim is wholly or partially denied, the Plan Administrator shall provide the Claimant with a notice identifying (A) the reason or reasons for such denial, (B) the pertinent Plan provisions on which the denial is based, (C) any material or information needed to grant the claim and an explanation of why the additional information is necessary, (D) an explanation of the steps that the Claimant must take if he wishes to appeal the denial including a statement that the Claimant may bring a civil action under ERISA, and (E): (I) If an internal rule, guideline, protocol, or other similar criterion was relied upon in making the adverse determination, either the specific rule, guideline, protocol, or other similar criterion; or a statement that such a rule, guideline, protocol, or other similar criterion in making the adverse determination and that a copy of such rule, guideline, protocol, or other criterion will be provided free of charge to the Claimant upon request; or (II)

if the adverse benefit determination is based on a medical necessity or experimental treatment or similar exclusion or limit, either an explanation of the scientific or clinical judgment for the determination, applying the terms of the Plan to the Claimant's medical circumstances, or a statement that such explanation will be provided free of charge upon request.

- (3) Appeal of Denied Claim. If a Claimant wishes to appeal the denial of a claim, he shall file an appeal with the Plan Administrator on or before the 180th day after he receives the Plan Administrator's notice that the claim has been wholly or partially denied. The appeal shall identify both the grounds and specific Plan provisions upon which the appeal is based. The Claimant shall be provided, upon request and free of charge, documents and other information relevant to his claim. An appeal may also include any comments, statements or documents that the Claimant may desire to provide. The Plan Administrator shall consider the merits of the Claimant's presentations, the merits of any facts or evidence in support of the denial of benefits, and such other facts and circumstances as the Plan Administrator may deem relevant. In considering the appeal, the Plan Administrator shall:
- (A) Provide for a review that does not afford deference to the initial adverse benefit determination and that is conducted by an appropriate named fiduciary of the Plan who is neither the individual who made the adverse benefit determination that is the subject of the appeal, nor the subordinate of such individual;
- (B) Provide that, in deciding an appeal of any adverse benefit determination that is based in whole or in part on a medical judgment, including determinations with regard to whether a particular treatment, drug, or other item is experimental, investigational, or not medically necessary or appropriate, the appropriate named fiduciary shall consult with a health care professional who has appropriate training and experience in the field of medicine involved in the medical judgment;
- (C) Provide for the identification of medical or vocational experts whose advice was obtained on behalf of the Plan in connection with a Claimant's adverse benefit determination, without regard to whether the advice was relied upon in making the benefit determination; and
- (D) Provide that the health care professional engaged for purposes of a consultation under Subsection (2) shall be an individual who is neither an individual who was consulted in connection with the adverse benefit determination that is the subject of the appeal, nor the subordinate of any such individual.

The Plan Administrator shall notify the Claimant of the Plan's benefit determination on review within 60 days after receipt by the Plan of the Claimant's request for review of an adverse benefit determination. The Claimant shall lose the right to appeal if the appeal is not timely made.

- (4) Denial of Appeal. If an appeal is wholly or partially denied, the Plan Administrator shall provide the Claimant with a notice identifying (1) the reason or reasons for such denial, (2) the pertinent Plan provisions on which the denial is based, (3) a statement that the Claimant is entitled to receive, upon request and free of charge, reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records, and other information relevant to the Claimant's claim for benefits, and (4) a statement describing the Claimant's right to bring an action under section 502(a) of ERISA. The determination rendered by the Plan Administrator shall be binding upon all parties.
- (5) Exhaustion of Remedies. Before a suit can be filed in federal court, claims must exhaust internal remedies.
 - (c) Additional Internal and External Claims Procedures.
- (1) Applicability. This Section shall apply if (A) the Plan constitutes a group health plan as defined in Treas. Reg. section 54.9801-2 or if the Plan Administrator determines that the Plan is subject to HIPAA portability rules and (B) the Plan is not a grandfathered health plan under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act.

- (2) Effective Date. This Section shall be effective the later of (A) the first plan year beginning after September 23, 2010 or (B) the date the Plan is no longer a grandfathered health plan under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act.
- (3) Internal Claims Process. The claims requirements under the Plan shall apply as the internal claims process except as provided under DOL Reg. 2590.715-2719 and any superseding guidance.
- (A) Adverse Benefit Determination. An adverse benefit determination means an adverse benefit determination as defined in DOL Reg. 2560.503-1, as well as any rescission of coverage, as described in DOL Reg. 2590.715-2712(a)(2).
- (B) Full and Fair Review. A Claimant must be allowed to review the file and present evidence and testimony as part of the internal appeals process. Claimants must be provided, free of charge, with any new or additional evidence considered relied upon or generated by the Plan in connection with the claim sufficiently in advance of the final adverse benefit determination to give the Claimant a reasonable opportunity to respond prior to that date. The Plan must also meet the conflict of interest requirements under DOL Reg. 2590.715-2712(b)(2)(D).
- (C) Notice. A description of available internal and external claims processes and information regarding how to initiate an appeal must be provided. Notices of adverse benefit determinations must include the information required under DOL Reg. 2590.715-2719(b)(2)(ii)(E) as applicable. The final notice of internal adverse benefit determination must include a discussion of the decision. Notice must be provided in a linguistically appropriate manner as provided under DOL Reg. 2590.715-2719(e). The Plan must disclose the contact information for any applicable office of health insurance consumer assistance or ombudsman established under PHS Act section 2793.
- (4) Deemed Exhaustion of Internal Claims Process. If the Plan fails to strictly adhere to the requirements of DOL Reg. 2590.715-2719(b)(2), the claimant may initiate an external review under Section 6.02(b)(2) or may bring an action under section 502(a) of ERISA.
 - (5) Federal External Claims Process.
- (A) State External Claims Process. If the Adoption Agreement specifies that the Plan is not subject to ERISA and the State external claims process includes at a minimum the consumer protections in the NAIC Uniform Model Act then the plan must comply with the applicable State claims review process.
- (B) Federal External Claims Process. The plan must comply with the Federal external claims process of DOL Reg. section 2590.715-2719(d) and any superseding guidance if Subsection (c)(5)(A) above is not applicable.
- (d) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, if the Adoption Agreement specifies that (1) the Plan is not subject to ERISA and (2) the Plan does not constitute a group health plan as defined in Treas. Reg. section 54.9801-2 or the Plan is a grandfathered health plan under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, claims procedures shall be established by the policies and procedures of the Plan Administrator and/or Company and any other applicable law.

Section 6.03 MINOR OR LEGALLY INCOMPETENT PAYEE

If a distribution is to be made to an individual who is either a minor or legally incompetent, the Plan Administrator may direct that such distribution be paid to the legal guardian. If a distribution is to be made to a minor and there is no legal guardian, payment may be made to a parent of such minor or a responsible adult with whom the minor maintains his residence, or to the custodian for such minor under the Uniform Transfer to Minors Act, if such is permitted by the laws of the state in which such minor resides. Such payment shall fully discharge the Plan Administrator and the Company from further liability on account thereof.

Section 6.04 MISSING PAYEE

If the Plan Administrator is unable to make payment to any Participant or other person to whom a payment is due under the Plan because it cannot ascertain the identity or whereabouts of such Participants or other person after reasonable efforts have been made to identify or locate such person, such payment and all subsequent payments otherwise due to such Participant or other person shall be forfeited one year after the date any such payment first became due.

ARTICLE 7 PLAN ADMINISTRATION

Section 7.01 PLAN ADMINISTRATOR

- (a) Designation. The Plan Administrator shall be specified in the Adoption Agreement. In the absence of a designation in the Adoption Agreement, the Plan Sponsor shall be the Plan Administrator. If a Committee is designated as the Plan Administrator, the Committee shall consist of one or more individuals who may be Employees appointed by the Plan Sponsor and the Committee shall elect a chairman and may adopt such rules and procedures as it deems desirable. The Committee may also take action with or without formal meetings and may authorize one or more individuals, who may or may not be members of the Committee, to execute documents in its behalf.
- (b) Authority and Responsibility of the Plan Administrator. The Plan Administrator shall be the Plan "administrator" as such term is defined in section 3(16) of ERISA (if the Adoption Agreement provides that the Plan is subject to ERISA), and as such shall have total and complete discretionary power and authority:
- (i) to make factual determinations, to construe and interpret the provisions of the Plan, to correct defects and resolve ambiguities and inconsistencies therein and to supply omissions thereto. Any construction, interpretation or application of the Plan by the Plan Administrator shall be final, conclusive and binding;
- (ii) to determine the amount, form or timing of benefits payable hereunder and the recipient thereof and to resolve any claim for benefits in accordance with Article 6;
 - (iii) to determine the amount and manner of any allocations hereunder;
 - (iv) to maintain and preserve records relating to the Plan;
- (vi) to prepare and file or publish with the Secretary of Labor, the Secretary of the Treasury, their delegates and all other appropriate government officials all reports and other information required under law to be so filed or published;
- (vii) to hire such professional assistants and consultants as it, in its sole discretion, deems necessary or advisable; and shall be entitled, to the extent permitted by law, to rely conclusively on all tables, valuations, certificates, opinions and reports which are furnished by same;
- (viii) to determine all questions of the eligibility of Employees and of the status of rights of Participants;
 - (ix) to adjust Accounts in order to correct errors or omissions;
 - (x) to determine the validity of any judicial order;
 - (xi) to retain records on elections and waivers by Participants;
 - (xii) to supply such information to any person as may be required;
- (xiii) to perform such other functions and duties as are set forth in the Plan that are not specifically given to any other fiduciary or other person.

- (c) Procedures. The Plan Administrator may adopt such rules and procedures as it deems necessary, desirable, or appropriate for the administration of the Plan. When making a determination or calculation, the Plan Administrator shall be entitled to rely upon information furnished to it. The Plan Administrator's decisions shall be binding and conclusive as to all parties.
- (d) Allocation of Duties and Responsibilities. The Plan Administrator may designate other persons to carry out any of his duties and responsibilities under the Plan.
 - (e) Compensation. The Plan Administrator shall serve without compensation for its services.
- (f) Expenses. All direct expenses of the Plan, the Plan Administrator and any other person in furtherance of their duties hereunder shall be paid or reimbursed by the Company.
- (g) Allocation of Fiduciary Duties. A Plan fiduciary shall have only those specific powers, duties, responsibilities and obligations as are explicitly given him under the Plan. It is intended that each fiduciary shall not be responsible for any act or failure to act of another fiduciary. A fiduciary may serve in more than one fiduciary capacity with respect to the Plan.

Section 7.02 INDEMNIFICATION

Unless otherwise provided in the Adoption Agreement, the Company shall indemnify and hold harmless any person serving as the Plan Administrator (and its delegate) from all claims, liabilities, losses, damages and expenses, including reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses, incurred by such persons in connection with their duties hereunder to the extent not covered by insurance, except when the same is due to such person's own gross negligence, willful misconduct, lack of good faith, or breach of its fiduciary duties under this Plan or ERISA to the extent that the Adoption Agreement provides the Plan is subject to ERISA.

Section 7.03 HIPAA PRIVACY RULES

- (a) Application. This Section 7.03 shall only apply in the event that this Plan constitutes a group health plan as defined in section 2791(a)(2) of the Public Health Service Act or if the Plan Administrator determines that the Plan is subject to the HIPAA privacy rules.
- (b) Privacy Policy. The Plan shall adopt a HIPAA privacy policy, the terms of which are incorporated herein by reference.
- (c) Business Associate Agreement. The Plan will enter into a business associate agreement with any persons as may be required by applicable law as determined by the Plan Administrator.
- (d) Notice of Privacy Practices. The Plan will provide each Participant with a notice of privacy practices to the extent required by applicable law.
 - (e) Disclosure to the Company.
- (1) In General. This Subsection permits the Plan to disclose protected health information ("PHI"), as defined in the HIPAA privacy rules, to the Company to the extent that such PHI is necessary for the Company to carry out its administrative functions related to the Plan.
- (2) Permitted Disclosure. The Plan may disclose the PHI to the Company that is necessary for the Company to carry out the following administrative functions related to the Plan: eligibility determinations, enrollment and disenrollment activities, and Plan amendments or termination. The Company may use and disclose the PHI provided to it from the Plan only for the administrative purposes described in this Subsection.
- (3) Limitations. The Company agrees to the following limitations and requirements related to its use and disclosure of PHI received from the Plan:

- (A) Use and Further Disclosure. The Company shall not use or further disclose PHI other than as permitted or required by the Plan document or as required by all applicable law, including but not limited to the HIPAA privacy rules. When using or disclosing PHI or when requesting PHI from the Plan, the Company shall make reasonable efforts to limit the PHI to the minimum amount necessary to accomplish the intended purpose of the use, disclosure or request.
- (B) Agents and Subcontractors. The Company shall require any agents, including subcontractors, to whom it provides PHI received from the Plan to agree to the same restrictions and conditions that apply to the Company with respect to such information.
- (C) Employment-Related Actions. Except as permitted by the HIPAA privacy rules and other applicable federal and state privacy laws, the Company shall not use PHI for employment-related actions and decisions, or in connection with any other employee benefit plan of the Company.
- (D) Reporting of Improper Use or Disclosure. The Company shall promptly report to the Plan any improper use or disclosure of PHI of which it becomes aware.
- (E) Adequate Protection. The Company shall provide adequate protection of PHI and separation between the Plan and the Company by: (i) ensuring that only those employees who work in the human resources department of the Company on issues related to the healthcare components of the Plan will have access to the PHI provided by the Plan; (ii) restricting access to and use of PHI to only the employees identified in clause (i) above and only for the administrative functions performed by the Company on behalf of the Plan that are described herein; (iii) requiring any agents of the Plan who receive PHI to abide by the Plan's privacy rules; and (iv) using the Company's established disciplinary procedures to resolve issues of noncompliance by the employees identified in clause (i) above.
- (F) Return or Destruction of PHI. If feasible, the Company shall return or destroy all PHI received from the Plan that the Company maintains in any form, and retain no copies of such information when no longer needed for the purpose for which disclosure was made. If such return or destruction is not feasible, the Company shall limit further uses and disclosures to those purposes that make the return or destruction of the information infeasible.
- (G) Participant Rights. The Company shall provide Participants with the following rights: (i) the right to access to their PHI in accordance with 45 C.F.R. §164.524; (ii) the right to amend their PHI upon request (or the Company will explain to the Participant in writing why the requested amendment was denied) and incorporate any such amendment into a Participant's PHI in accordance with 45 C.F.R. §164.526; and (iii) the right to an accounting of all disclosures of their PHI in accordance with 45 C.F.R. §164.528.
- (H) Cooperation with HHS. The Company shall make its books, records, and internal practices relating to the use and disclosure of PHI received from the Plan available to HHS for verification of the Plan's compliance with the HIPAA privacy rules.
- (4) Certification. By executing the accompanying Adoption Agreement, the Company hereby certifies that the Plan documents have been amended in accordance with 45 C.F.R. §164.504(f), and that the Company shall protect the PHI as described in Subsection 3 herein.
- (5) Security Standards Requirement. To comply with the Security Standards regulations that were published on February 21, 2003, the Company must:
- (A) implement administrative, physical and technical safeguards that reasonably and appropriately protect the confidentiality, integrity and availability of the electronic PHI that it creates, receives, maintains or transmits on behalf of the Plan;
- (B) ensure that the adequate separation required by 45 C.F.R. 164.504(f)(2)(iii) is supported by reasonable and appropriate security measures;

- (C) ensure that any agent, including a subcontractor, to whom it provides this information agrees to implement reasonable and appropriate security measures to protect the information; and
 - (D) report to the Plan any security incident of which it becomes aware.
- (6) Amendment. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan, this Section may be amended in any way and at any time by the Privacy Officer.
- (7) Effective Dates. Subsections (1) (4) and Subsection (6) apply to the Plan no later than April 14, 2003, or such other date that the HIPAA Privacy Regulations apply to the Plan. Section (5) applies to the Plan no later than April 20, 2005, or such other date that the HIPAA Security Regulations apply to the Plan.

Section 7.04 MEDICAL CHILD SUPPORT ORDERS

In the event the Plan Administrator receives a medical child support order (within the meaning of ERISA section 609(a)(2)(B)), the Plan Administrator shall notify the affected Participant and any alternate recipient identified in the order of the receipt of the order and the Plan's procedures for determining whether such an order is a qualified medical child support order (within the meaning of ERISA section 609(a)(2)(A)). Within a reasonable period the Plan Administrator shall determine whether the order is a qualified medical child support order and shall notify the Participant and alternate recipient of such determination.

If the plan is not subject to ERISA any applicable law related to qualified medical child support orders or National Medical Support Notices shall apply and the Plan Administrator shall follow any required procedures under such law.

Section 7.05 HIPAA PORTABILITY RULES

In the event the Plan constitutes a group health plan as defined in Treas. Reg. section 54.9801-2 or if the Plan Administrator determines that the Plan is subject to HIPAA portability rules, the Plan shall comply with the requirements of Code section 9801 et. Seq. including the requirement to children until the attainment of age 26 if the Plan makes dependent coverage of children available. The Plan Administrator shall only provide a certificate of creditable coverage if the Plan constitutes a group health plan as defined in Treas. Reg. section 54.9801-2.

Section 7.06 THIRD PARTY RECOVERY/REIMBURSEMENT

- (a) In General. When a Participant or covered dependent receives Plan benefits which are related to medical expenses that are also payable under Workers' Compensation, any statute, any uninsured or underinsured motorist program, any no fault or school insurance program, any other insurance policy or any other plan of benefits, or when related medical expenses that arise through an act or omission of another person are paid by a third party, whether through legal action, settlement or for any other reason, the Participant shall reimburse the Plan for the related Plan benefits received out of any funds or monies the Participant recovers from any third party.
- (b) Specific Requirements and Plan Rights. Because the Plan is entitled to reimbursement, the Plan shall be fully subrogated to any and all rights, recovery or causes of actions or claims that a Participant or covered dependent may have against any third party. The Plan is granted a specific and first right of reimbursement from any payment, amount or recovery from a third party. This right to subrogation applies regardless of the manner in which the recovery is structured or worded, and even if the Participant or covered dependent has not been paid or fully reimbursed for all of their damages or expenses.

The Plan's share of the recovery shall not be reduced because the full damages or expenses claimed have not been reimbursed unless the Plan agrees in writing to such reduction. Further, the Plan's right to subrogation or reimbursement will not be affected or reduced by the "make whole" doctrine, the "fund" doctrine, the "common fund" doctrine, comparative/contributory negligence, "collateral source" rule, "attorney's fund" doctrine, regulatory diligence or any other equitable defenses that may affect the Plan's right to subrogation or reimbursement.

The Plan may enforce its subrogation or reimbursement rights by requiring the Participant to assert a claim to any of the benefits to which the Participant or a covered dependent may be entitled. The Plan will not pay attorneys fees or costs associated with the claim or lawsuit without express written authorization from the Company.

If the Plan should become aware that a Participant or covered dependent has received a third party payment, amount or recovery and not reported such amount, the Plan, in its sole discretion, may suspend all further benefits payments related to the Participant and covered dependents until the reimbursable portion is returned to the Plan or offset against amounts that would otherwise be paid to or on behalf of the Participant or covered dependents.

(c) Participant Duties and Actions. By participating in the Plan each Participant and covered dependent consents and agrees that a constructive trust, lien or an equitable lien by agreement in favor of the Plan exists with regard to any settlement or recovery from a third person or party. In accordance with that constructive trust, lien or equitable lien by agreement, each Participant and covered dependent agrees to cooperate with the Plan in reimbursing it for Plan costs and expenses.

Once a Participant or covered dependent has any reason to believe that the Plan may be entitled to recovery from any third party, the Participant must notify the Plan. And, at that time, the Participant (and the Participant's attorney, if applicable) must sign a subrogation/reimbursement agreement that confirms the prior acceptance of the Plan's subrogation rights and the Plan's right to be reimbursed for expenses arising from circumstances that entitle the Participant or covered dependent to any payment, amount or recovery from a third party.

If a Participant fails or refuses to execute the required subrogation/ reimbursement agreement, the Plan may deny payment of any benefits to the Participant or covered dependent until the agreement is signed. Alternatively, if a Participant fails or refuses to execute the required subrogation/reimbursement agreement and the Plan nevertheless pays benefits to or on behalf of the Participant or a covered dependent, the Participant's acceptance of such benefits shall constitute agreement to the Plan's right to subrogation or reimbursement.

Each Participant and covered dependent consents and agrees that they shall not assign their rights to settlement or recovery against a third person or party to any other party, including their attorneys, without the Plan's consent. As such, the Plan's reimbursement will not be reduced by attorneys' fees and expenses without express written authorization from the Plan.

ARTICLE 8 AMENDMENT AND TERMINATION

Section 8.01 AMENDMENT

The provisions of the Plan may be amended in writing at any time and from time to time by the Plan Sponsor.

Section 8.02 TERMINATION

- (a) It is the intention of the Plan Sponsor that this Plan will be permanent. However, the Plan Sponsor reserves the right to terminate the Plan at any time for any reason.
- (b) Each entity constituting the Company reserves the right to terminate its participation in this Plan. Each such entity constituting the Company shall be deemed to terminate its participation in the Plan if: (i) it is a party to a merger in which it is not the surviving entity and the surviving entity is not an affiliate of another entity constituting the Company, or (ii) it sells all or substantially all of its assets to an entity that is not an affiliate of another entity constituting the Company.

ARTICLE 9 MISCELLANEOUS

Section 9.01 NONALIENATION OF BENEFITS

No Participant or Beneficiary shall have the right to alienate, anticipate, commute, pledge, encumber or assign any of the benefits or payments which he may expect to receive, contingently or otherwise, under the Plan.

Section 9.02 NO RIGHT TO EMPLOYMENT

Nothing contained in this Plan shall be construed as a contract of employment between the Company and the Participant, or as a right of any Employee to continue in the employment of the Company, or as a limitation of the right of the Company to discharge any of its Employees, with or without cause.

Section 9.03 NO FUNDING REQUIRED

Except as otherwise required by law:

- (a) Any amount contributed by a Participant and/or the Company to provide benefits hereunder shall remain part of the general assets of the Company and all payments of benefits under the Plan shall be made solely out of the general assets of the Company.
- (b) The Company shall have no obligation to set aside any funds, establish a trust, or segregate any amounts for the purpose of making any benefit payments under this Plan. However, the Company may in its sole discretion, set aside funds, establish a trust, or segregate amounts for the purpose of making any benefit payments under this Plan.
- (c) No person shall have any rights to, or interest in, any Account other than as expressly authorized in the Plan.

Section 9.04 GOVERNING LAW

- (a) The Plan shall be construed in accordance with and governed by the laws of the state or commonwealth of organization of the Plan Sponsor to the extent not preempted by Federal law.
- (b) The Plan hereby incorporates by reference any provisions required by state law to the extent not preempted by Federal law.

Section 9.05 TAX EFFECT

The Company does not represent or guarantee that any particular federal, state or local income, payroll, personal property or other tax consequence will result from participation in this Plan. A Participant should consult with professional tax advisors to determine the tax consequences of his or her participation.

Section 9.06 SEVERABILITY OF PROVISIONS

If any provision of the Plan shall be held invalid or unenforceable, such invalidity or unenforceability shall not affect any other provisions hereof, and the Plan shall be construed and enforced as if such provisions had not been included.

Section 9.07 <u>HEADINGS AND CAPTIONS</u>

The headings and captions herein are provided for reference and convenience only, shall not be considered part of the Plan, and shall not be employed in the construction of the Plan.

Section 9.08 GENDER AND NUMBER

Except where otherwise clearly indicated by context, the masculine and the neuter shall include the feminine and the neuter, the singular shall include the plural, and vice-versa.